THE EASTERN QUESTION. VIENNA, March 13.—Dispatches have been received here which state that the Viceroy of Egypt withholds the tribute which the Sublime Porte of Turkey levied on the people of that country to meet the expense of crushing the insurrection in Candia.

CABLE TOLLS. LONDON, March 13.-The Anglo-American Tele graph Company and the original Atlahtic Tele-graph Company held a meeting in this city yesterday to consider the proposed reduction of tolls upon business transmitted over the Cable. Quite unexpectedly to the general public, the movement for a reduction failed in consequence of the refusal of the Atlantic Company to assent thereto. The public should remember that although the practical management of the Cable is in the hands of the Angle-American Company, no change in rates can be made without the consent of the Atlantic Company. The latter Company is the one which initiated the Cable enterprise, but subsequently transferred its franchises and property to the Anglo-American Company, which accessfully completed the work.

AUSTRIA AND SERVIA. VIENNA, March 13.-The Emperor Francis Joseph

has given orders for the strengthening of the Austrian posts on the Servian frontier.

PRUSSIA.

BERLIN, March 13.-Herr Munchausen, Premier of the Government of Hanover in the government of the late King, has challenged Count Von Bismarck for words attered in debate in the German, Parlia-

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

QUEENSTOWN, March 13.—The Cunard steamship China, Capt. Hockly, which left Boston on the 27th of February, arrived here, en route to Liverpool, early this morning.

LONDON, March 13.—The bark George Washington ha been wrecked in a storm in the harbor of Valencia, Spain. LIVERPOOL, March 13 .- The steamship China, Capt. Hockley, from Boston via Queenstown, arrived this even

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

LONDON, March 13-Noon .- Consols for money have ad vanced to 914. American Securities-Eries have declined 1, the opening rates being 392; U. S. Five-Twenty bonds have advanced to 741; Illinois Centrals have also slightly advanced, the ruling figure now being 78. The banks at Amsterdam and Berlin have reduced their rates of discount to 3 per cent.

Evening.—Consols are unchanged, at 911 for money

American securities have been quite steady to-day. Illi hois Centrals, however, have declined 1. The following are the closing rates: Eric shares, 391; Illinois Central thares, 772 : Umted States Five-Twenty bonds, 743. A dispatch from Frankfort-on-the-Main says United

States bonds closed there this evening at 77%.

LIVERPOOL, March 13-Noon.-The Cotton market today opens firm and with more activity. The sales to-day will reach 10,000 bales. Prices have advanced id., and are quoted as follows: Middling Uplands, 13id.; Middling Orleans, 134d. The Breadstuffs market is generally firm. Oats ate quoted at 3/2 per 45 % for American and Canada. The Provision market is firm and articles are generally anchanged in price. Produce-Tallow 43/6 per cwt. for American. Linseed Oil has advanced to £39 per tun. Rosin has declined to 9/ per cwt. for Common Wilmington, and 35/ per owt. for fine.

VERA CRUZ, March 1 .- Gen. Bazaine arrived to-day in this city. The Liberals under Salcedo Gomez and Rodtiques have taken Orizaba and Cordova. The Imperialets retreated toward this city, but it is thought they will all desert before they reach Vera Cruz, as they are very much afraid of the yellow fever. Gen. Alatone is about Puebla. Gen. Benavedeo is three leagues from this city, with a large force. He expects to occupy Vera Cruz when abandoned by the French. The communication with the interior is entirely cut off; we have no news west of Orizaba. The French are between this city and Paso Del Macho; they all expect to leave early this month. Their iron-clad fleet is still here. THE EXPECTED BATTLE AT QUERETARO-CORTINAS ABAN-

DONED BY HIS TROOPS.

NEW-ORLEANS. La., March 12 .- Matamoros advices of the 7th inst. say that dates were received yesterday evening by stage from the interior of Mexico, to the 28th ult. At Queretaro, on that day, a strong column under the command of the Emperor Maximilian, marched upon the position occupied by the Northern Republican Army. The Liberal Gen. Lamer was to make a junction with Corona's army in Zelaya. Gen. Porfirio Diaz was near Puebla, which place was occupied by the Imperialists under Gen. Galvise. It is probable that the expected battle between Maximilian and the Liberals will take place before the 8th or 10th inst. Advices from Brazos of the 7th inst. say that Cortinas is reported at Mier with a secreasing force, all Americans. The other foreigners, except four, have deserted from him. The report says he has only of meh.

THE SANDWICH ISLANDS. -

BY TREEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE. San Francisco, March 13 .- Advices from the Sandwich Islands to February 23, have been received. The preciate Spanish reals, (English sixpence) to the value of len cents American currency. The island has been visited by an abundance of rain. A number of cases of curiosi-lies have been received, and with those previously for-warded are expected to fill an apartment allotted for Hlawaiian products. Bovernment has authorized the Minister of Pinance to de-

BOSTON BANK STATEMENT. 

FIRE INSURANCE.

THE INSURANCE COMPANIES AND THE JEWR. A misunderstanding has recently arisen between hat portion of the community which holds to the Hebrew taith and some of the insurance companies, which may ead to serious results in business circles. It appears that a few days since the general agent in this city, representing the Germania, Manhattan, Republic, and some other lompanies, stating that, in consequence of recent numerous heavy losses to the insurance companies occurring in the South and West, very many of which were on proparty belonging to Jewa, the companies would be sompanied in future to decline all such risks, and that this rule was unvarying. This attempted proscription having been brought to the notice of several gentlemen of that creed in this city, a meeting gas called at the Jewish Synagogue in Nineteenthest, on Monday evening, at which a large number of the most realthy and influential israelites in the city were present, among them Benjamin I. Nathan, William Seigman, Lazarus May, —— Rosenfelt, Isaac Phillips, Judge Carlogo, B. L. Solomans, Emanuel B. Hart, and others. It was resoled to address a similar letter to the above-mentioned companies, asking them if they sanctioned the act if their agent, and a Committee was appointed to prepare and send such circular, and report the result at a subsequent meeting. that portion of the community which holds to the Hebrew

and send such circular, and report the result at a subsequent meeting.

ACTION UPON HOISTWAYS AND IRON SHUTTERS.

The Executive Committee of the New-York Board of Fire Insurance Companies have issued a notice stating:

That from all stores, warehouses, or buildings accepted for merchandise purposes in the cities of New-York, Brooklyn, Jerney City and Hobsken, located in streets of issue than 36 feet in width, having free proof from shutters on front, rear and sides, on all the windows (to be closed after the bushwase bours of each day by the occupants), and the doors of which on the street front, and one window on each floor, are to constructed that they can be opened from the cuttide in case of emergency, a deduction of the center may be made from the gross standard rate. provided, such buildings byte first been impected and approved by the General Surveyor of this Board.

Second, That any store or building which shall have holetware, dum-

and. That any store or building which shall have holstways, dun or elevators, inside of said buildings, and without iron slides of Second. That any store or building which shall not building, one elevators, inside of said buildings, and without iron sides or overings to the same, on each four (to be closed at night by each occupant baving the use or control of the same), shall be charged to cents in dedition to the standard rate of said store or building. Said iron slides or everings in all cases to be inspected and approved by the General THE CROTON WATER.

DEFICIENCY OF WATER IN THE CITY-THE CA-PACITY OF THE WORKS.

sources of supply of the Croton water, so justly celebrated for its purity and wholesomeness, are principally in the county of Putnam. A dam has been thrown across the Croton river, forming the fountain res ervoir, or Croton Lake, as it is generally called, which sets the water back about 6 miles. The Croton Lake ervoir, or Croton Lake, as it is generally called, which sets the water back about 6 miles. The Croton Lake from which the supply is drawn, is about 40 miles from the city, and has a drainage area on the water shed of 338.82 square miles. The dam is 38 feet above the level which was the surface of the natural flow of water at that point on the Croton river. The country forming the valley of the river was naturally such as to give beld shores to the reservoir. Where the ground near the surface of the water was level, or sloping gently to the banks of the stream, excavations were made so that the supply in the fountain should not be of less depth than four and a half feet. The medium flow of water in the Croton where the fountain reservoir is formed exceeds 50,000,000 gallons per day, and the minimum flow after a long-continued drouth about 27,000,000. The available capacity of the crossroir or lake down to the level where the water would cease to flow off from the aqueduct has been estimated at 600,000,000 gallons. In addition to the quantity of water in the fountain reservoir or lake, the old receiving reservoir at Eighty-sixth-st. contains 150,000,000 gallons when full; the new Grand Reservoir in Central Park has a capacity of 1,029,000,000 gallons; and the Receiving Reservoir at Forty-second-st. 20,000,000 gallons. In addition to these reservoirs there are in progress of construction at Carmansville or High Bridge, for the supply of the district north of One-hundred-and-thirty-eighth-st., the High Service Works and Reservoir, which it is estimated, will contain 10,000,000 gallons. There is also in course of construction at Boyd's Corners, Putnam County, a reservoir intended to keep up the supply in Croton Lake, which will cover 303 acres and have a capacity of 3,589,206,807 gallons. The dam of this reservoir will be 64 feet in depth, and 700 feet in length. The surface of Croton Lake, which will cover 303 acres and have a capacity of 4,589,206,807 gallons. The dam of this reservoir will be 64 feet in depth, a

of the water is its feet above the vater may generally be made available in the city.

The quantity of water now received into the receiving reservoirs across the High Bridge is an average of 60,000,000 gallons per day, two-thirds of which is estimated as wasted. During the time of the many compiaints of the want of water the past season, 65,000,000 gallons were actually being brought into the city daily, and the reservoirs were always full. In London, with a population of about 3,000,000, or three times the number in this city, there is what is called an intermittent supply, by which the water is permitted to flow only during certain hours in each day. It is distributed by measurement to each house, and the estimated quantity consumed daily is 50,000,000 gallons, or 10,000,000 gallons less than the quantity supplied to New-York. By the report of the General Board of Health in London, made in 1849, the average supply to each person was stated to be less than 30 gallons per day, and in Paris it is less than 20 gallons. The average quantity consumed in London was considered a proper basis for the calculation of supply, and has been found the maximum required. New-York supplies her population with more than 200 gallons per day for each, and finds the quantity insufficient. In 10 cities of the Union—including New-York, which contributes not a little to make a high average—the quantity allowed for each individual of the whole population is 36 gallons per day, or 82 gallons to each per day of the contributes in the contribute and finds the quantity insufficient. In 10 cities of the Union—including New-York, which contributes not a little to make a high average—the quantity allowed for each individual of the whole population is 36 gallons per day, or 82 gallons to each per day of 10 gallons per day, or 82 gallons to each per day of 10 gallons pe tributes not a little ato make a high average—
the quantity allowed for each individual of the whole
population is 36 galions per day, or 82 galions to each
actual consumer. These cities are New-York, Brooklyn,
Baltimore, Boston, Buffalo, Louisville, Cleveland, Hartford, and Detroit, and if our consumption continues to
double itself every few years in the future, as in the past,
the general average of the whole, now 6 galions daily to
each individual above the maximum required, would be
materially increased. That the consumption should be
so increased, when individuals and families need no more
water this year than the last, and the last year required
no more than the year preceding, cannot be explained on
the increase of population and of dwellings, and leaves
only the hypothesis that immense quantities of the
supply are wantonly wasted, and it is a fact
that the waste increases in a greater ratio than the
supply. That there can be an actual waste of 40,000,000
galions may 8 fires seem impossible, but when it is remembered that in nearly every house in the city during
the Winter. \*\*Emitted to run constantly to prevent
the pipes for the call of the constantly of the
avoid the use of ice, the truth of the assertion will be
readily perceived.

The quantity of water used at fires is insignificant com-

well to furnal, more refreshing drinking water or to and 35/ per cwt. for fine.

Evening—The Cotton market has been quite active to-day, and the sales have largely exceeded the estimate made at the opening, aggregating some 15,000 pales. The activity has caused an advance in prices, which at the close were as follows: Middling Uplands, 134d, Middling Orleans, 134d. The market is generally quiet. Corn is acedy at 38/ per quarter for Mixed Western. The best grades of California Wheat are salable at 13/3 per cental. The Provision market is duit. Lard is unchanged at 50/5 per cwt. Bacon, 41/ per cwt. for Cumberland Cut Middles. Pork, 17/6 per 200 ft for Prime Eastern Mess. Petroleum, 1/5 per gallon for Pennsylvania. Affined, and Ind. for Spirits. Turpentine, 32/6 27 the Spirits. Rosin, 9s. per cwt. for Common Wilmingtod. Tallow, 43/6 per cwt. tabes, 33/ per cwt. for Foll.

MEXICO.

CAP The FRENCH TO LEAVE VERA CRUZ RABLY IN MARCH.

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THE FRENCH TO LEAVE VER

under the Act of April 11, 1849, the power of this appointment was transferred to the Mayor, and the Common Council were empowered to establish a scale of appual rents for the supply of the Croton water. Since the feorganization of the Department in 1849, the Croton Aqueduct Board has consisted of Thomas Stephens, President Commissioner, Robert L. Darragh, Assistant Commissioner, Robert L. Darragh, Assistant Commissioner, and Alfred W. Craven, Commissioner and Engineer. During the first year of the Board, from January 1 to December 31, 4850, the Fecchts from water rates were \$458,951 87. In 1859 the receipte had increased to \$759,250 45, and the past year reached \$1,693,558 66. The Board believe they should have the power to establish water ratel as well as to receive the rents, and to apply water-neters where it might be deemed expedient. They think beside that together with the Mayor and Controller of the city they should be empowered to make estimates for the working expenses of the Department and that such estimates should be binding if not confirmed within a reasonable time by the Supervisors or Common Council. Speaking on this subject in their Annual Report for the year 1866, the Board says:

"We deem it doe both to the public and ourselves to respectfully, but experts and the supervisors or the the toricity of the Centroller contents and the the toricity of the Centroller contents are at the surgets before the theory of the Centroller contents are at the surgets before the theory of the Centroller contents are at the surgets before the theory of the Centroller contents are at the surgets before the theory of the Centroller contents are at the surgets before the theory of the Centroller contents are at the surgets before the theory of the Centroller contents are at the surgets before the theory of the Centroller contents are at the surgets and the surgets and the surg

ling of this surject in their Annual Report of the Year 1866, the Board says:

"We deem it due both to the public and ourselves to respectfully, but earnestly, protest against the practice, both on the part of the Controller and the Common Council, of altering the several amounts estimated by us as being necessary for the excention of the various works for which we are held responsible. These works are under our supervision. We know better than any others can possibly know how much they will cost, and we sak no more than is absolutely necessary for their efficient prosecution. The snum we specify are 'cot down' as the phrase is, without investigation and without reason by those who are wholly ignorant of the character of our work, and who cannot be expected to have any inclingent idea of its requirements. This billed and unreasoning exercise of power is rendered more injurious by the fact that the ostimates, which are the results of careful study on our part, are cut down without any conference with our Board, or even an hapting as to the necessity of the works thus rendered impossible."

THE SPRING FRESHETS.

IMMENSE DESTRUCTION OF PROPERTY ON THE COLO. BY FELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE

CINCINNATI, March 13 .- The reports received from below this city represent great destruction of property by the flood, in many places. Between New-Albany and Evansville the river is thirty miles wide. Thousands of cattle, sheep, and hoge have been drowned, and hundreds of thousands of bushels of grain have been lost. The country is covered with floating stacks of hay, wheat, and oats. Nearly all the steamboat landings are under water, and the boats cannot make their landings. Shawneetown is completely inundated in the lower part of Cincinnati, and in Covington hundreds of houses are under water.

RISE IN THE RIVER AT LOUISVILLE. LOUISVILLE, Ky., March 13.—The friver here rose nine inches in Is hours up to 8; o'clock this morning. It is now within four feet of the rise of 181, and five feet of the rise of 182, and continues to fat the rate of one fuch per hour. News from all directions represent the flood as imprecedented. The roads south from Louisville are badly broken up by the carrying away of tridges, culverts, and by land sildes. The Ohio River is rising. Rain still continues to fall.

CREVASSE NEAR MOUND CITY. Carro, Ill., March 13.—The levee near Mound City broke this morning. The breach is about 40 feet wide and six inches deep. The citizens are doing all they can to prevent an inundation of the town.

Calre is intact, and is believed to be capable of withstanding the flood at its hight.

DISASTROUS FLOOD IN EAST TENNESSEE-\$2,000,000 IN PROPERTY DESTROYED.

KNOXVILLE, Tenn., March 12.-The most disastrous flood ever experienced visited this country last week. Seven days' incessant raining swelled the mountain streams until the valleys became one vast river bed. The Holstein River, from its head-waters in West Virginia to the month, was higher than ever before known; at some points it was over fifty feet deep. The damages in East Tennessee alone will reach \$2,000,000. Twenty-three houses were washed away along the river bank at this point. The Gasper & Davis sash and blind factory lost their building, all their material, machinery, etc. John Coker, lumberman, lost some 3,000 feet of lumber. The county bridge, built by Gen, Burnside during the stege of Knoxville, was washed away. The bridges over First Creek connecting East and West Knoxville, were all impassable. The gas-works were all submerged. Over 100 persons were washed out of their houses. The towns along the Holstein and Tennessee Rivers all suffered severely. Dambridge, Lenoirs, Loudon, and Kingston were all partly submerged. Whole houses were swept down the river. filled with household food and supplies. The farmers living near the French Broad and Holstein Rivers lost everything they had. Houses, barns, and fences were washed away, and the stock all drowned. Great numbers of wealthy farmers are left with nothing but their bare lands, with crops all washed out or thickly covered with sediment. One farmer, living on an island in the French Broad, had his houses and barns washed away, his corn and cribs swept off, and all his stock save two horses drowned. He carried his family off in a boat, and they are left perfectly destinate. Mr. Meredith, living on the Holstein, near Bristol, lost a flour mill and a foundery, his house, and all his stock; loss over\$10,000. Vast quantities of corn had been gathered and stored on the river bank, waiting houses were washed away along the river bank

for high water. All this corn, thousands of bushels, on the Clinch, Holstein, and French Broad Rivers, wasswept away. Mr. Fain lost 7,000 bushels in one lot. It is estimated that over 100,000 bushels of corn were lost in this way. Thousands of bushels are now covering the bottoms, buried in the mud. The railroads all lost heavily. The East Tennessee and Virginia Railroad lost three spans of the new bridge at Strawberry Plains; loss \$15,000. The same road lost the bridge over Flat Creek; loss \$10,000. The Knoxville and Kingston Railroad had a heavy slide at Cooper Ridge. The East Tennessee and Georgia Railroad lost bridges near Chattanooga. These roads will all be in running order in ten days. The water in the river was 12 feet higher than in the flood of 1847. This flood extended all through West Virginia and Tennessee, and was the most damaging ever known. The streams are still high, and hundreds of families are encamped on the hill-sides. Great suffering must foliow, as large families are left without houses or supplies. Chattanooga was all submerged; the water reached the second story of the business houses; loss limmense.

EXTENSIVE PRESHETS IN NORTH CAROLINA AND VIRGINIA. FORTRESS MONROE, March 12.-The late severe rain storms which have been prevailing in the mountain ranges of Virginia and North Carolina have swollen the streams and rivers and occasioned an extensive freshet streams and rivers and occasioned an extensive freshet
A heavy freshet in the James River for the last three
days has overflowed the Rocketts and prevented the
steamers from landing at the wharves, many of them
having to discharge down the river. But the freshet is
now subsiding. All the rivers flowing into the
Chesapeake Bay have risen seveal feet, and in many
cases have flooded the country in the vicinity
of their banks. Immense quantities of mud have been
carried down these streams by the washing of their
banks, and emptied into Chesapeake Bay and Hampton
Roads, discoloring the water as far out as Cape Henry.
The Dismal Swamp has also been flooded by the rains,
driving the bears and other wild animals from their lairs
into the bushes and dense forests. Large numbers of the
bears have been seen prowling around the edge of the
swamp in quest of food, occasionally making a bold dash
on the barnyards of the farmers and committing depredations on their live-stock.

CRIME.

ARREST OF A WOMAN FOR KILLING A CHILD-CORONER'S INVESTIGATION.

Yesterday morning Coroner White of Hoboken was notified that a little girl, four years and seven months of age, named Sarah Jane Kennedy, was lying dead from the effects of a gun-shot wound, at the house of a man named George Demorest, in Guttenberg, near the Dallytown road, and that the fatal shot had been fired by Eliza Ammon, a sister of Demorest's, under cir-cumstances that led to the supposition that murder was

the Dallytown roas, and the Da

he child's head.

After a short deliberation the following verdict was endered: "The Jury find that Sarah Jane Kennedy came ther death on Monday, the 11th inst. by a gun-shot round in the head, by the hand of Edus Ammon, through

earclessness."

The prisoner was then examined, when she made the following statement:

"My name is Eliza Ammon; I reside at Guttenberg, and am about 28 years old; was born in West Hoboken, and do washing, &c., for a living; it was an accident; I thought there was nothing in the gun; I did not intend to shoot her; I loved that little child like I like my life."

Corner White committed the prisoner to the County Coroner White committed the presence to the County Jall to Await the action of the Grand July.

A SERIES OF BURGLARIES IN THE EIGHTH WARD. Mention was made in THE TRIBUNE of yesterday that eight pieces of cloth had been found on the walk in front of the store of Mortimer & De Bost, located at the corber of Mercer and Grand-sts., and that the store had been robbed by burgiars of silks and cloths to a large amount. It has since been ascertained that the thieves had secreted themselves on one of the upper floors dur-ing the day, and, after the immates had departed, had packed up and carried away goods valued at from \$2,000 to \$3,000, having removed the fastenings of the front door from the justice. The goods found on the walk are valued at about \$600.

from the jaside. The goods found on the walk are valued at about \$600.

During Tuesday night the millinery store of J. H. Lipsett, No. 147 Spring-st., was entered by foreing open a rear window on the first floor, and silks, shawls, and millinery-goods to the amount of \$2,000 carried off. The thieves made their exit by a hall door opening on Spring-st,

An attempt was made on Wedhisaday morning to enter the millinery store of P. Krause & Co., No. 323 Canal-st., from the rear. The thieves were discovered by a young man who slept in the store, who gave the alarm. Hefore the Eighth Precinct Police could gain the yard in the rear of the store, the thieves had made their escape.

An attempt was also made on Wednesday Smorning to break into the pawnbroking, establishment of Joseph A. Jackson, at No. 111 Grand-st. The thieves were discovered, and fied without having secured any plunder. A similar attempt was made on Saturday night last. The maranders were fired at by an immate of the premises and fied. No arrests have as yet been made.

ALLEGED CHILD ABDUCTION.

ALLEGED CHILD ABDUCTION.

Yesterday afternoon Detective Wilson and Officer Joseph Strauss of the Central Office, in Fourth-ave., near Twenty-fourth-st., arrested one Carlos Jesus Barriero, a native of Spain, aged 39 years, on the charge of having abducted from Havana, Cuba, Adella Allemann, aged 11 years. The child was found in the company of the prisoner at the time of his arrest. Barriero was locked up at Police Headquarters, and the little girl was properly cared for by the police authorities. The prisoner is a merchant of Havana, was formerly private secretary of Gen. Prim when Captain-General of Cuba, and was at a later period teller of one of the Havana banks. He is of gentlemanly appearance and good address. In explanation, the accused states that, for many years past the mother of the girl and himself have lived together, although not married, the little girl addressing him as father. Recently the domestic relations existing between the accused and the woman have been embittered by quarrels, and as the girl was ill-treated by her mother she consented to come to this country with him. The girl is very intelligent, and professes to be very much attached to her protector, but after the arrest professed her willingness to return to her mother. The information which led to the arrest of the prisoner was furnished by the Mayor of Baltimore, Md.

A BOLD ROBBERY AT TROY. Twenty-fourth-st., arrested one Carlos Jesus Barriero, a

A BOLD ROBBERY AT TROY.

18 TRINGRAPH TO THE TRIBERE.

TROY, N. Y., March 13.—One of the boldest robber-

les ever perpetrated in this city occurred last evening between 6 and 7 o'clock at the jewelry store of E. Marks, on River-st. A show-case of jewely standing on the walk, near the door of the store, was opened, and a box of diamond rings, valued at \$2,500, was taken therefrom by some unknown person. The affair was well executed, as large numbers of people were passing at the time of A MURDERER RESPITED.

HARRISBURGH, March 13 .- Gov. Geary, at the solicitation of the spiritual advisers of Alex. Wylle, sentenced to be hung next Friday, granted a respite until Thursday, March 21.

CITY ITEMS.

PERSONAL .- Among the arrivals at the hotels are Bishop Daggett of Virginia and Gen. M. Brayman, U. S. A., at the Metropolitan; Gen. Neill, U. S. A., at the St. Denis Hotel; Gen. W. F. Bartlett, Massachusetts, at the Fifth Avenue Hotel; Gen. McKenzic, U. S. A., at the Hoffman House.

GAS AND STEAM FITTERS' UNION .- A meeting of the gas and steam fitters of this city was held last evening at Constitution Hall, corner of Twenty-second-st. and Thirdave. Mr. J. C. Walsh occupied the chair, and stated that ave. Mr. J. C. Waish occupied the chair, and stated that while other trades in this great city had their respective organizations, the extensive one of the gas and steam fitters had up to the present period none. The object in view was to promote the mutual interests of masters and men, and to introduce a better class of mechanics and an improved description of work. After some discussion, the Articles of the Association, to be known as the Gas and Steam Fitters' Progressive Union, were adopted, and nearly 300 members were enrolled.

COLUMBIA COLLEGE LAW SCHOOL-The Ninth Annual Catalogue of this Institution has just been published. The number of law students is 168-92 being in the Senior and 75 in the Junior Class. The Senior Class met on Monday evening last for the purpose of electing their valedictorian. The election resulted in the choice of Mr. John W. Sterling, a graduate of Yale of the class of 1864. This is the sixth time in as many years that this highly honorable position has been awarded to a gradu-

The engineer of the Staten Island ferry-boat which recently crashed into the Whitehall-st. slip writes that for the accident he alone was to blame.

Another Railroad Plan.—Still another relief railroad, to be built upon a succession of brick arches, and to run in the middle of the blocks between the Sixth and Seventh-aves, is set forth in a pamphlet before us.

THE BROADWAY BRIDGE.—This structure promises to afford material for a daily bulletin of progress for a month to come. Workmen were busy upon it yesterday month to come. Working laying the plank flooring.

THE PURIM BALL-This ball-which differs from all other masquerades at the Academy of Music in being and all his stock; loss over \$10,000. Vast quantities of corn had been gathered and stored on the river bank, waiting appacribers introduced or known to some of the Com-

mittee—will take place on Thursday, the 28th. It is in celebration of the Jewish festival of Purim, and will be a

Lecture by Ggn. Woodford.—Gen. Stewart L. Woodford delivered a lecture on Fort Sumter last evening, at the Central M. E. Church, in Seventhave, near Fourteenth-st. The lecture was in the form of a narrative, and gave a history of the surrender of Fort Sumter at the breaking out of the Rebellion, its subsequent severe siege by the Umon Army and Navy, and final recapture. Some months before the actual commencement of hostilities, according to the lecturer, Fort Sumter was held in important regard by them. But not until Major Anderson and his little band had taken occupation of the Fort did it come into prominence. It then took its place in history and became dear to those who venerated the national flag which floated above it. Hardly 160 men could be mustered for its defense when the flag was first raised at noon on the 27th of December. At the head of this small force was a medium-sized, soldierly appearing man, wearing a quiet, sad face—one of the war's carliest heroes, then Major, now Major-General Anderson. There were also Doubleday, Seymour, Jefferson C. Davis, Johnes, Fester, S. W. Crawford, and others, who were then Captains and Lieutenants, but have since risen to distinction. A shell from James Island, fired by one who met a retributive death in the end, began the war. The Rebels captured the Fort after a brave defense, but it was a victory for which they paid dear. There was no longer any hesitation at the North; the gnuntlet which had been thrown down was taken up with the determination not to close the war until Treason had been crushed and the supremacy of the Union triumphantly asserted. LECTURE BY GGN. WOODFORD.-Gen. Stewart L.

THE PENALTY OF UNCLEAN SIDEWALKS.-The past Winter has been a trying one to housekeepers. What with the bursting of the water-pipes, the freezing up of the gas, and constant demands, after a fall of snow "if yer want yer door swept !" the comforts of a householde want yer door swept i" the comforts of a householder have in no way been enhanced. So much snow has not fallen in New-York, during any one Winter for years, and it is a matter of no surprise that housekeepers should have become tired of paying 50 cents or 75 cents nearly every day to have the snow cleared away from their doors, with the prospect of equal accumulation by the following morning, or that, in many cases they should have concluded to wait and see if the snow storms were really at an end before they disbursed further moneys. Many of them have, or will have, to pay for this neglect. The Corporation Attorney, assisted by the police, was determined to enforce the city ordinance relative to cleaning the sidewalks after every fall of snow, and the result is that over 50,000 people are to be summoned for this neglect. Three clerks are constantly employed in making out these summonses, but so numerous are they that it will be nearly the end of June before this task is completed. The fine is \$5. In addition to this amount \$1 is charged for the summons, \$1 for serving it, and 50 cents for a United States revenue stamp, making a total of \$5 50. At least \$2 50 are assessed for costs if the case is settled in the Corporation Attorney's office; if it is disputed the costs in the First District Court are \$3 60, and in all other courts \$4. It is an expensive lesson. A correspondent, who is one of the summoned, complains that "in addition to this vexatious demand hundreds of citizens from the Fifteenth and and other Wards on the west side of the city are cited to appear in Clinton-st. on the east side before Justice Loew, while a Jefferson Market Court of Justice is close at their doors. Some were fined by Justice Loew, but the majority of cases were postponed till Monday next. An error appearing in the printed form summoning the direlects to appear at one number—No. 166—in the street, which is not the number of the court-house, the plea of non jurisdiction of the sum addition to this vexations addition to the order have in no way been enhanced. So much snow has not fal-

METROPOLITAN FIRE DEPARTMENT .- At the meeting of the Pire Commissioners yesterday, the Chief-Engineer's report for the month of February, stated the number of fires at 75, and the number of alarms, 85; 60 buildings were slightly damaged; 12 emaiderably so, and 3 totally destroyed. It was ordered that coke be partially used for fuel in each steam engine.

FELL OVERBOARD.-An intoxicated man named Burus, on Tuesday night, while leaving a schooner, lying at the foot of Sixty-fifth-st., N. R., fell overboard and was drowned. The body was subsequently recovered, and Coroner Gover was notified to hold an inquest.

ATTEMPTED SUICIDE.-On Tuesday evening Pauline Stearmarker, a native of Germany, aged 30 years, attempted to commit suicide at her residence, No. 142 Sixth-st., by stabbing herself in the right side with a dirk knife. A surgeon was called in who dressed the wound, and pronounced it not dangerous.

New STREET-CLEANER.-It is reported that a new machine for street-cleaning purposes is to shortly appear upon our streets. There's a splendid chance for it to prove its usefulness just now.

A CARD .- A. ROUX, No. 479 Broadway, begs o amounce that his entire stock of PURNITO election until March 15, when he will result to, E27 Broadway. These derirons of makin furniture will do well to call.

PYLE'S O. K. SOAP-Hard, and not liable to impru-

CONSTITUTION WATER IS a Certain Cure for NEW SYSTEM OF VENTILATION; by Henry A

onge; pamphiet sent free. PYLE'S SALERATUS and CREAM TARTAR-Pure arti-

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN, learn the present price

PASSENGERS ARRIVED.
FROM LIVERPOOL AND QUEENSTOWN March 13—In steamship Denmark, W. H. Bowles and lady, Mrs. Bray, Mr. and Mrs. Freedy, T. Conolly, G. W. Mills, and 456 in steeringe.

LATEST SHIP NEWS.

PORT OF NEW-YORK ...... Maken la

ARRIVED.

Steamship Denmark (Br.), Thomson, Liverpool Feb. 27, via Queensown 20th, with under, and 463 pass to the National Steam Navigation Ca. Brig Alston (of Bangor, Mr.), Sawyer, Savannah, 12 dars, with yellow one timber, to R. H. Buck & Co. Had very heavy N. E. gales N. of Hatters.

Brig Fanny Folkes (of Philadelphia), Townsend, Mobile 18 days, with cotton N. L. McCressly & Cu. Had heavy weather since passing Hatterss. Sailed in company with schr. C. M. Balis, Steele, for New York. Brig B. Houston (of Stockton, Ma.), French, Newvitas Zo days, with seger, &c., to R. P. Buck & Ce. Had a continuation of heavy gales, lost Schr. Issae Murse, Bradford, Apalachicala 19 days, with cotton and lumber to master.

BELOW.

Bark Artbur Kinsman (of Portland), from Havana Bark Arthur Kinsman (of Portland), from Havana.

DOMESTIC PORTS.

FORTRESS MONROR, March 12.—The pilot boat Maryland reports having boarded the ship (Washington from Callao; bark Cricket from Rio Janeiro; schr Phantom from Porto Rice; berje lunscorado from Demerara, and unknown bark 120 days from Callao, all for Baltimore, and ship Forest Engle from Callao for New York.

CHARLESPON, March 12.—Sailed, schrs. Loyal Scranton, New-York; J. A. Marvel, Baltimore; Richard Vaux, Wilmington, N. C.

IVES' PATENT LAMPS!!!!
The SAFEST, most CONVENIENT, and in every way
THE BEST LAMP EVER USED!

CHANDELIERS, BRACKETS, HANGING and TABLE LAMPS FALL KINDS CAN BE LIGHTED AS QUICKLY AS GAS, FILLED AN TRINNED BAFELY AND NEATLY, ALL WITHOUT REMOUND THE SHADE, GLORE, OR CHINNEY, OR UNSCREWING THE BURNER! PRICES REDUCED!!

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Instead of those that are MOVAPLE and DANGEROUS.

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Sole agents for THE FOLDING POCKET LANTERNS.

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GRAND, SQUARE, AND UPRIGHT

PIANO-FORTES.

have taken Thirty-five First Premiums at the principal Fairs held in this country within the last ten years, and also a First Prize Medal at the Great International Exhibition in London, 1962, in competition with 269 Planos from all parts of the work!

Brear Plano-is constructed with their "Patent Agraffe Arrangement" applied directly to the full Iron Frame.

STEINWAL & SONS direct special attention to their newly invented "UPRIGHT" Planos, with their "Patent Resonator" and double Iron Frame, patented Jfme 5, 1665, which, by their volume and exquisite quality of tone, have elicited the unqualified admiration of the musical profession and all who have heard them.

STEINWAL & SONS Planos are used by the most eminent planists of Europe and America, who prefer them for their own public and private use whenever accessible. These instruments are the only American use whenever accessible. These instruments are the only American use whenever accessible. These instruments are the only American use whenever accessible. These instruments are the only American whenever accessible for the federal cold Planos taken in exchange. WARRHOOMS,

FIRST FLOOR OF STEINWAY HALL,

Not. 71 and 73 EAST FOURTEENTH-ST.,

SEW-YORK.

GO TO THOMAS R. AGNEW'S, Greenwich and Murray-sia, where you will find Teas. Coffees, Fish, Flour and everything else cheaper than any store in New-York. One price house. GO TO MACFARLAND'S Book Store, corner BOOKS of the day, and all the old Standard Works, and also choice English, French, and Scotch Stationery.

A HOUSEHOLD WORD .-- Buy your China, at BASSFORD'S corner stores, Cooper Institute and Astor place.

WESTCHESTER CO. NURSERIES,

Pleasantville Station, Harlem R. R., N. Y. Buyers of Trees, Plants, i.e., are requested to examine this well grown stock of Trees before vinig orders to Western Agents. E. J. CARPENTER, Proprietor, Refers to Messrs. Greeley and Sinclair of N. Y. Tribune. J. B. BARTLETT, Agt. Ellenville Glass Works, No. 69 Murrayet., Manufacturers of all kinds of Bottles, Demijohns, Carbors, Druggists' ware, &c. Agent for Squire's Patent Fruit Jars. STRASBURGER & NUHN,

FANCY GOODS, CHINA AND TOYS, FORMERLY No. 65 MAIDEN-LANE, HAVE REMOVED TO

No. 394 BROADWAY, Bent Canalah

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"The Pen is Mightier than the Sword."

THE GOLD PEN-BEST AND CHEAPEST OF PENS.

MORTON'S GOLD PENS, THE BEST PENS IN THE WORLD.

For sale at No. 25 MAIDEN-LANE, New-York, and by every duly-appointed Agent at York, and by every duly-appointed right the same prices.

Morton makes no Pens stamped with the Name or Trade-mark of any other; therefore, where an Agency is established, the public will be best suited, and at the same prices, by calling on the Agent; in all other places those wishing the Morton Pen, must send to Headquarters, where their orders will receive prompt attention, if the coath. if accompanied with the cash

WHO MAKES THE BEST AND CHEAPEST GOLD PENS! GOLD PENS-GOOD WRITING .- To a person

whose employment consists chiefly in writingwhether as author, preacher, editor, teacher, accountant, or clerk-there is nothing connected with his vocation that can possibly annoy him more than a bad pen. We have heard bank officers and others frequently deplore, with disappointed look and tone, the uncertainty and consequent annoyance to which the very best of steel pens frequently subject them. And many times, also, in selecting gold pens, they fare not much better in reaching that point of satisfaction which ease and smoothness of writing with a good pen is certain to afford. There are numerous varieties of gold pens in the market, and some of them very fair and pleasant to use for a short time, but if frequently written with, they become disordered or out of trim, and, after many vexatious trials, have at last to be thrown away, and a new and untried "make of pen" substituted. And so the difficulty runs on until the writer becomes disgusted with even gold pens, and returns again to the next best make of steel pens. Recently, however, the inventive genius of a practical mind has been employed in the pro-

duction of such machinery as will make a gold pen entirety free from all the ordinary objections, and at lower rates than heretofore. Mor-TON of No. 25 Maiden-lane, New-York is the master spirit of this revolution in the art of gold pen making, and from his manufactory, the largest perhaps in existence, comes the very best gold pens ever given to the world. All other pens pale before the superior excellence of Morton's, and he is enjoying a reputation such as no other manufacturer ever hoped to reach before. We make this special reference to the supe-

riority of Morton's gold pens over all others, because we have personally heard the frequent complaints of our friends and others, that they could not obtain a good pen anywhere. We wish to remove such impression from their minds, and to strongly recommend them to try one of Morton's make. We have labored under the same difficulties they have, and, at last, throwing aside all other gold pens, are now using one of Morton's, and find it so far above all our expectations and ideas of the perfection to which he had brought them, that we could not be induced to part with the one we are now using for any consideration of money if we could not replace it again.

The manufacturer is an honorable, honest, truthful man, and will not misrepresent his pens, nor take advantage of distant customers. Any one sending to him for a pen will be certain to receive what they write for, and no mistake All they need to do is to state fairly the nature and style of their handwriting; the hardness or flexibility of the pen they desire; its size and number; and they will be promptly served.

Like many others, we had our misgivings as to whether we could procure by mail, a pen that would suit us. But we tried the experiment. We stated the nature of our hand; the apparent pressure we use upon the pen when writing; the angle at which we hold it; and upon which point we incline the hand most while writing; and by return mail came exactly the style of pen we would have selected hi we been in the factory searching for one. This success we attribute to the practical knowledge of the manufacturer, and his thorough acquaintance with his business.

We would be pleased to have some of our writing friends step into our office and try the pen we are now using. We feel that the use of such a pen would be to them what it is to us-a perfect luxury .- [ Wilmington (Del.) Journal and Statesman, Feb. 22, 1807.

MORTON'S FIRST QUALITY.

(WARRANTED.)

These Pens are 16 carats fine, and are pointed with the very best Iridosmin Points, carefully selected, and none of this quality is sold with the slightest imperfection which skill and the closest scrutiny can detect.

Every Pen is stamped "A. Morton, First Quality," and numbered. The Points are warranted for six months, except against accident.

The Cases are made of Coin Silver, and for this quality are extra heavy and strong.

PRICES OF PENS; AND PENS IN SILVER EXTENSION

MORTON'S SECOND QUALITY.

(WARRANTED.)

These are 14 carats fine, and are superior to any Morton

Pens made previous to the year 1860.

Every-Pen is stamped "A. Morton, Second Quality,"
and numbered. The Points are warranted for six months, except against

accident.

The Cases are made of Coin Silver, but are not so heavy as those of the First Quality.

PRICES OF PENS; AND PENS IN SILVER EXTENSION CASES WITH PENCILS.

No. 3 Pen. \$1 50. with Pencil Case...\$2 50 No. 4 Pen. 2 00. with Pencil Case...\$3 00 No. 5 Pen. 2 26. with Pencil Case... 3 75 No. 6 Pen. 2 75. with Pencil Case... 4 80

MORTON'S THIRD QUALITY.

(WARRANTED.)

These Pens are 12 carats fine, and although cheaper, are at least equal to any gold pens made elsewhere, as regards durability, elasticity and good writing qualities.

Every Pen is stamped "A. Morton, Third Quality," and purplessed.

The Points are warranted for six months, except against accident.

The Cases are made of Coin Silver, but are not as heavy as those of the First Quality.

PRICES OF PENS; AND PENS IN SILVER EXTENSION CASES WITH PENCHS.

No. 3 Pen. \$1 25 with Pencil Case. \$2 00 No. 4 Pen. 1 50 with Pencil Case. 2 50 No. 5 Pen. 2 00 with Pencil Case. 3 00 No. 5 Pen. 2 25 with Pencil Case. 3 75

MORTON'S CHEAP GOLD PENS.

(NOT WARRANTED.)

These Pens are 10 carats fine, and are Better Writing, and more Durable Pens than can, without operating Morton's Patented Machinery, be produced for the prices, even were the Gold furnished gratuitously.

PRICES OF PENS; AND PENS IN SILVER-PLATED EXTENSION CASES WITH PENCILS.

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OUR OWN ENCOMIUMS, BUT ALWAYS NEW AND IRREFUTABLE PROOFS OF THE SALUTIFEROUS PROPERTIES OF

HOFF'S MALT EXTRACT HEALTH BEVERAGE, THE ONLY TONIC RECOMMENDED BY AMERICAN AND EUROPEAN SCIENCE. UNSURPASSED FOR ITS TASTE AS A BEVERAGE,

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[APHORISMS FROM OUR DAILY CORRESPONDENCE.] NEW-YORK, March 3, 1667.

rom a cough and spitting, especially from weakness of the stomach. Since using Hoff's Malt Extract, he coughs less, his appetite has returned O. FREDERICKSON. and his digestion is excellent. No. 248 NINTH-ST.

My husband is for seven years bed-ridden, unable to work, and cought ontinually; he suffers from consu The effect of your Mait Beverage has been wonderful; all our ac unintances and we, ourselves, are astonished because my husband feel

WEST HOBOKEN, Peb. 25, 1867.

now easier, is in humor, coughs less, and not at all during the nigh berefore we wish to continue its use, &c. MRS. M. VIETMEIER BROOKLYN, Jan. 14, 1867.

I have recommended your MALT EXTRACT to a friend who has he CONSUMPTION, knowing full well its good properties; my brother who was wounded during the Danish war, and had the SAME COM-PLAINT, having been CURED BY 1T. LOUIS BOTTCHER.

No. 23 COURT-ST. SCHOHARIE C. H., N. Y., Feb. 18, 1867. Mr. Hoyr, No. 542 Breadway: Send again two dozen: my wife is suffering from a bad Cough, hourse ness and general debility, and has been very much beredied by the was

of your Malt Extract-a very palatable drink. GEORGE WIDMAN. Hubson Ciry, Feb. 15, 1867. To Hopp's Malt Extract Depot, No. 542 Broadway, N. Y.; The result of your Malt Extract is surprising, as my bushand-suffers

ing since two years from Consumption-coughs less and spits more easily. and the vigor of the body is returning, and his appetite excellent. Send. MRS. K. PETERSON. again, &c.

science.

Relying upon these incontestible groofs, we can confidently recommend the use of HOPP'S MALT EXTRACT to all persons wishing to preserve their health, as well as to those suffering from ill health.

Price per dozen, \$4.6.
One dozen and upward delivered to any part of the city and suburbal Hoff's Malt Extract Depot, No. 542 Breadway.

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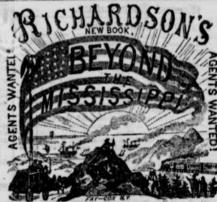
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A DAMS & CONE, No. 684 BROADWAY, incity built CARRIAGES, comprising CLARRIAGES, COUPES, LAN-DAUS, COACHES, and other one close and open work, made of the best materials and by the best workmen, at their own manufactory. CARRIAGES-GREAT BARGAINS.

Having made advances, the following vehicles must be sold by the 15th of March:

9 OPEN BUGGIES at \$125, worth \$225.

15 TOP BUGGIES at \$125, worth \$350.

11 TOP BUGGIES at \$4250, worth \$350.

11 BOCKAWAYS and FAMILY CARRIAGES.

Also, several second-hand Coaches, Rockaways, top and open Buggies, CALVIN WITTY'S Carriage Warerouns, No. 630 Broadway, near Blookers.

CARRIAGES! CARRIAGES! CARRIAGES!!

Osing to our light expenses and large manufacturing facilities we will sell 20 per cent less than Broadway stores.

HAM'S, No. 10 East Fourth-st., cor. Broadway.

CARRIAGES.—A large assortment of CAR-RIAGES and HARNESS to be sold at manufactory prices this methy, several shop-work sold chesp, at N. MOONEY'S warerooms, No. 91 Liberty et. FOR SALE - Four large new two-horse TRUCKS. Apply to S. W. WILSON, No. 298 Broadway.

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ENGLISH KERSEY
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ARMY HARNESS TENTS, Wagon Covers, Ambulances, Blankets, McClellan Saddles, Mule Collars, Barness, Army Clothing. W. A. CARTER, No. 32 Court and re. non-Greenwick.